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Number: ITILFND
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ITILFND

ITIL Foundation (syllabus 2011)

Exam A

QUESTION 1

Which of the following statements BEST describes the aims of release and deployment management?



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- A. To build, test and deliver the capability to provide the services specified by service design
- B. To ensure that each release package specified by service design consists of a set of related assets and service components
- C. To ensure that all changes can be tracked, tested and verified if appropriate
- D. To record and manage deviations, risks and issues related to the new or changed service

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 2

Which one of the following activities are carried out during the "Where do we want to be?" step of the continual service improvement (CSI) approach?

- A. Implementing service and process improvements
- B. Reviewing measurements and metrics
- C. Creating a baseline
- D. Defining measurable targets

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 3

Which one of the following can help determine the level of impact of a problem?

- A. Definitive media library (DML)
- B. Configuration management system (CMS)
- C. Statement of requirements (SOR)
- D. Standard operating procedures (SOP)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 4

The effective management of risk requires specific types of action. Which of the following pairs of actions would be BEST to manage risk?

- A. Training in risk management for all staff and identification of risks
- B. Identification of risk, analysis and management of the exposure to risk
- C. Control of exposure to risk and investment of capital
- D. Training of all staff and investment of capital

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 5

Which of the following is an enabler of best practice?

- A. Standards
 - B. Technology
 - C. Academic research
 - D. Internal experience
- Correct Answer:** B **Section:** (none) **Explanation**

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 6

Service design emphasizes the importance of the "Four Ps". These "Four Ps" include Partners, People, Processes and one other "P". Which of the following is the additional "P"?

- A. Profit
- B. Preparation
- C. Products
- D. Potential

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 7

Which of the following is NOT one of the five individual aspects of service design?

- A. The design of the service portfolio, including the service catalogue
- B. The design of new or changed services
- C. The design of market spaces
- D. The design of the technology architectures

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 8

Where would you expect incident resolution targets to be documented?

- A. A service level agreement (SLA)
- B. A request for change (RFC)

- C. The service portfolio
- D. A service description

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 9

Which of the following provide value to the business from service strategy?

1. Enabling the service provider to have a clear understanding of what levels of service will make their customer's successful
2. Enabling the service provider to respond quickly and effectively to changes in the business environment
3. Reduction in the duration and frequency of service outages

- A. All of the above
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 2 and 3 only



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 10

What are the categories of event described in the ITIL service operation book?

- A. Informational, scheduled, normal
- B. Scheduled, unscheduled, emergency
- C. Informational, warning, exception
- D. Warning, reactive, proactive

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 11

A process owner is responsible for which of the following?

1. Defining the process strategy
2. Assisting with process design
3. Improving the process
4. Performing all activities involved in a process



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- A. 2, 3 and 4 only
- B. All of the above
- C. 1, 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 4 only

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 12

Which one of the following is concerned with policy and direction?

- A. Capacity management
- B. Governance
- C. Service design
- D. Service level management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 13

Which of the following should be considered when designing measurement systems, methods and metrics?

1. The services
2. The architectures
3. The configuration items
4. The processes

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 2, 3 and 4 only
- D. All of the above



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 14

Which of the following is the best definition of IT service management?

- A. An internal service provider that is embedded within a business unit
- B. A complete set of all the documentation required to deliver world class services to customers
- C. Technical implementation of supporting IT infrastructure components
- D. The implementation and management of quality IT services that meet business needs

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 15

Which of the following is service transition planning and support NOT responsible for?

- A. Prioritizing conflicts for service transition resources
- B. Coordinating the efforts required to manage multiple simultaneous transitions
- C. Maintaining policies, standards and models for service transition activities and processes
- D. Detailed planning of the build and test of individual changes

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 16

What are underpinning contracts used to document?

- A. The provision of IT services or business services by a service provider
- B. The provision of goods and services by third party suppliers
- C. Service levels that have been agreed between the internal service provider and their customer
- D. Metrics and critical success factors (CSFs) for internal support teams

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 17

In which document would you expect to see an overview of actual service achievements against targets?

- A. Operational level agreement(OLA)
- B. Capacity plan
- C. Service level agreement(SLA)
- D. SLA monitoring chart(SLAM)

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 18

Who is responsible for ensuring that the request fulfillment process is being performed according to the agreed and documented standard?

- A. The IT director
- B. The process owner
- C. The service owner
- D. The customer



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 19

Which process is responsible for ensuring that appropriate testing takes place?

- A. Knowledge management
- B. Release and deployment management
- C. Service asset and configuration management
- D. Service level management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 20

Which of the following identify the purpose of business relationship management?

1. To establish and maintain a business relationship between service provider and customer
2. To identify customer needs and ensure that the service provider is able to meet



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- A. Both of the above
- B. 1 only
- C. 2 only
- D. Neither of the above

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 21

Which of the following is the correct definition of an outcome?

- A. The results specific to the clauses in a service level agreement (SLA)
- B. The result of carrying out an activity, following a process or delivering an IT service

- C. All the accumulated knowledge of the service provider
- D. All incidents reported to the service desk

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 22

Understanding what to measure and why it is being measured are key contributors to which part of the Service Lifecycle?

- A. Service Strategy
- B. Continual Service Improvement
- C. Service Operation
- D. Service Design

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 23

Which process would ensure that utility and warranty requirements are properly addressed in service designs?

- A. Availability management
- B. Capacity management
- C. Design coordination
- D. Release management

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 24

What would be the next step in the continual service improvement (CSI) model after?

1. What is the vision?
 2. Where are we now?
 3. Where do we want to be?
 4. How do we get there?
 5. Did we get there?
 6. ?
-
- A. What is the return on investment (ROI)?
 - B. How much did it cost?
 - C. How do we keep the momentum going?
 - D. What is the value on investment (VOI)?

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

**QUESTION 25**

Which statement about the emergency change advisory board (ECAB) is CORRECT

- A. The ECAB considers every high priority request for change (RFC)
- B. Amongst the duties of the ECAB is the review of completed emergency changes
- C. The ECAB will be used for emergency changes where there may not be time to call a full CAB
- D. The ECAB will be chaired by the IT Director

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 26

Which of the following BEST describes a problem?

- A. An issue reported by a user
- B. The cause of two or more incidents
- C. A serious incident which has a critical impact to the business
- D. The cause of one or more incidents

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 27

Which of the following is NOT a recognized example of a service provider type within the ITIL framework?

- A. Internal
- B. External
- C. Service desk
- D. Shared services unit



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 28

Which one of the following statements about incident reporting and logging is CORRECT?

- A. Incidents can only be reported by users
- B. Incidents can be reported by anyone who detects a disruption or potential disruption to normal service
- C. All calls to the service desk must be logged as incidents
- D. Incidents reported by technical staff must also be logged as problems

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 29

Which process is responsible for providing the rights to use an IT service?

- A. Incident management
- B. Access management
- C. Change management
- D. Request fulfillment

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 30

What type of services are NOT directly used by the business but are required by the service provider to deliver customer facing services?

- A. Business services
- B. Component services
- C. Supporting services
- D. Customer services

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 31

Which of the following areas would technology help to support during the service lifecycle?

1. Data mining and workflow
2. Measurement and reporting
3. Release and deployment
4. Process design

- A. 2, 3 and 4 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 32

How many people should be accountable for a process as defined in the RACI model?

- A. As many as necessary to complete the activity
- B. Only one - the process owner
- C. Two - the process owner and the process enactor
- D. Only one - the process architect

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 33

The addition, modification or removal of an authorized, planned or supported service or service component and its associated documentation is a definition of what?

- A. A change
- B. A change model

- C. A change request
- D. A change advisory board

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 34

Where should the following information be stored?

- 1. The experience of staff
 - 2. Records of user behaviour
 - 3. Supplier's abilities and requirements
 - 4. User skill levels
-
- A. The forward schedule of change
 - B. The service portfolio
 - C. A configuration management database (CMDB)
 - D. The service knowledge management system (SKMS)



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 35

Which of the following statements about standard changes are CORRECT?

- 1. The approach is pre-authorized
 - 2. The risk is usually low and well understood
 - 3. Details of the change will be recorded
 - 4. Some standard changes will be triggered by the request fulfilment process
-
- A. 1 only

- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 36

Which one of the following provides the CORRECT list of processes within the service operation stage of the service lifecycle?

- A. Event management, incident management, problem management, request fulfilment, and access management
- B. Event management, incident management, change management, and access management
- C. Incident management, problem management, service desk, request fulfilment, and event management
- D. Incident management, service desk, request fulfilment, access management, and event management

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 37

With which process is problem management likely to share categorization and impact coding systems?

- A. Incident management
- B. Service asset and configuration management
- C. Capacity management
- D. IT service continuity management

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 38

What guidance does ITIL give on the frequency of production of service reporting?

- A. Service reporting intervals must be defined and agreed with the customers
- B. Reporting intervals should be set by the service provider
- C. Reports should be produced weekly
- D. Service reporting intervals must be the same for all services

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 39

Which one of the following does service metrics measure?

- A. Functions
- B. Maturity and cost
- C. The end-to-end service
- D. Infrastructure availability



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 40

Which process is responsible for low risk, frequently occurring, low cost changes?



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- A. Demand management
- B. Incident management
- C. Release and deployment management
- D. Request fulfillment

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 41

Which function or process would provide staff to monitor events in an operations bridge?

- A. Technical management
- B. IT operations management
- C. Request fulfillment
- D. Applications management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 42

Which of the following activities are performed by a service desk?

1. Logging details of incidents and service requests
2. Providing first-line investigation and diagnosis
3. Restoring service
4. Implementing all standard changes

- A. All of the above
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 4 only
- D. 3 and 4 only

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 43

Which of the following is NOT an objective of Continual Service Improvement?

- A. Review and analyze Service Level Achievement results
- B. Identify activities to improve the efficiency of service management processes
- C. Improve the cost effectiveness of IT services without sacrificing customer satisfaction
- D. Conduct activities to deliver and manage services at agreed levels to business users

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 44

Check, Act and Plan are three of the stages of the Deming Cycle. Which is the fourth?

- A. Do

- B. Perform
- C. Implement
- D. Measure

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 45

What are the three types of metrics that an organization should collect to support continual service improvement (CSI)?

- A. Return on investment (ROI), value on investment (VOI), quality
- B. Strategic, tactical and operational
- C. Critical success factors (CSFs), key performance indicators (KPIs), activities
- D. Technology, process and service

Correct Answer: D
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 46

Which of the following are classed as stakeholders in service management?

- 1. Customers
 - 2. Users
 - 3. Suppliers
-
- A. All of the above
 - B. 1 and 3 only
 - C. 1 and 2 only
 - D. 2 and 3 only



Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 47

From the perspective of the service provider, what is the person or group who defines or and agrees their service targets known as?

- A. User
- B. Customer
- C. Supplier
- D. Administrator

Correct Answer: B
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:



QUESTION 48

Which process is responsible for sourcing and delivering components of requested standard services?

- A. Request fulfilment
- B. Service portfolio management
- C. Service desk
- D. IT finance

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 49

Which of the following is the best definition of service management?

- A. The ability to keep services highly available to meet the business needs
- B. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for providing value to customers in the form of services
- C. A complete set of all the documentation required to deliver world class services to customers
- D. An internationally recognized methodology to provide valuable services to customers

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 50

Which of the following would be examined by a major problem review?

- 1. Things that were done correctly
- 2. Things that were done incorrectly
- 3. How to prevent recurrence
- 4. What could be done better in the future

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. All of the above



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 51

Which one of the following is the BEST description of a relationship in service asset and configuration management?

- A. Describes the topography of the hardware
- B. Describes how the configuration items (CIs) work together to deliver the services
- C. Defines which software should be installed on a particular piece of hardware

D. Defines how version numbers should be used in a release

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 52

Which of the following are sources of best practice?

1. Academic research
2. Internal experience
3. Industry practices

- A. All of the above
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 2 and 3 only

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 53

Which of these should a change model include?

1. The steps that should be taken to handle the change
2. Responsibilities; who should do what, including escalation
3. Timescales and thresholds for completion of the actions
4. Complaints procedures

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. All of the above



- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 2 and 4 only

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 54

Which one of the following is NOT an objective of problem management?

- A. Minimizing the impact of incidents that cannot be prevented
- B. Preventing problems and resulting incidents from happening
- C. Eliminating recurring incidents
- D. Restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 55

Which of the following statements about service asset and configuration management is/are CORRECT?

1. A configuration item (CI) can exist as part of any numbers other CIs at the same time
2. Choosing which CIs to record will depend on the level of control an organization wishes to exert.

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both of the above
- D. Neither of the above

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 56

Which of the following are types of service defined in ITIL?

1. Enabling
 2. Core
 3. Enhancing
 4. Computer
-
- A. 1, 3 and 4 only
 - B. 2, 3 and 4 only
 - C. 1, 2 and 4 only
 - D. 1, 2 and 3 only

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

References:



QUESTION 57

In which of the following should details of a workaround be documented?

- A. The service level agreement (SLA)
- B. The problem record
- C. The availability management information system
- D. The IT service plan

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 58

Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of a process?

- A. It is measurable
- B. It delivers specific results
- C. It responds to specific events
- D. It structure an organization

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 59

Which one of the following is NOT a responsibility of the service transition stage of the service lifecycle?

- A. To ensure that a service can be managed and operated in accordance with constraints specified during design
- B. To design and develop capabilities for service management
- C. To provide good-quality knowledge and information about services
- D. To plan the resources required to manage a release

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 60

Which of the following BEST describes technical management?

- A. A function responsibilities for facilities management and building control systems
- B. A function that provides hardware repair services for technology involved in the delivery of service to customers
- C. Senior managers responsibilities for all staff within the technical support function
- D. A function that includes providing technical expertise and overall management of the IT infrastructure

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 61

Which of the following is not a service desk type recognized in the service operation volume of ITIL?



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- A. Local
- B. Centralized
- C. Outsourced
- D. Virtual



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 62

What is the primary focus of the business management?

- A. Management, control and prediction of the performance, utilization and capacity of individual elements of IT technology
- B. Review of all capacity supplier agreements and underpinning contracts with supplier management
- C. Management, control and prediction of the end-to-end performance and capacity of the live, operational IT services
- D. Future business requirements for IT services are quantified, designed, planned and implemented in a timely fashion

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

References:

QUESTION 63

Which process has the purpose to ensure that, by managing the risks could seriously affect IT services, the IT service provider can always provide minimum agreed business-related service levels?

- A. Change management
- B. IT service continuity management
- C. Financial management for IT services
- D. Service catalog management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

References:



QUESTION 64

Which one of the following is the BEST description of a service request?

- A. A request from a user for information, advice or for a standard change
- B. Anything that the customer wants and is prepared to pay for
- C. Any request or demand that is entered by a user via a self-help web-based interface
- D. Any request for change (RFC) that is low-risk and which can be approved by the change manager without a change advisory board (CAB) meeting

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 65

Which process is involved in monitoring an IT service and detecting when the performance drops below acceptable limits?

- A. Service asset and configuration management
- B. Event management
- C. Service catalogue management
- D. Problem management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 66

Which one of the following do major incidents require?

- A. Separate procedures
- B. Less urgency
- C. Longer timescales
- D. Less documentation



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 67

What is the BEST description of the purpose of the service operation stage of the service lifecycle?

- A. To decide how IT will engage with suppliers during the service lifecycle
- B. To proactively prevent all outages to IT services
- C. To design and build processes that will meet business needs
- D. To deliver and manage IT services at agreed levels to business users and customers

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 68

In terms of adding value to the business, which one of the following describes service operation s contribution?

- A. The cost of the service is designed, predicted and validated
- B. Measures for optimization are identified
- C. Service value is modeled
- D. Service value is visible to customers

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 69

Which one of the following are the two primary elements that create value for customers?

- A. Value on investment (VOI) and return on investment (ROI)
- B. Customer and user satisfaction
- C. Service requirements and warranty
- D. Resources and capabilities

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 70

Which one of the following statements BEST describes a definitive media library (DML)?

- A. A secure location where definitive hardware spares are held
- B. A secure library where definitive authorized versions of all media configuration items (CIs) are stored and protected
- C. A database that contains definitions of all media CIs
- D. A secure library where definitive authorized versions of all software and back-ups are stored and protected

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 71

Which one of the following is it the responsibility of supplier management to negotiate and agree?

- A. Service level agreements (SLAs)
- B. Third-party contracts
- C. The service portfolio
- D. Operational level agreements (OLAs)



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 72

Which of the following are managed by facilities management?

1. Hardware within a data centre or computer room
2. Applications
3. Power and cooling equipment
4. Recovery sites

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. All of the above
- C. 1, 3 and 4 only

D. 1 and 3 only

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 73

Which stage of the service lifecycle is MOST concerned with defining policies and objectives?

- A. Service design
- B. Service transition
- C. Continual service improvement
- D. Service operation

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 74

Which areas of service management can benefit from automation?

- 1. Design and modeling
 - 2. Reporting
 - 3. Pattern recognition and analysis
 - 4. Detection and monitoring
- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
 - B. 1, 3 and 4 only
 - C. 2, 3 and 4 only
 - D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 75

Which one of the following is the BEST definition of reliability?

- A. The availability of a service or component
- B. The level of risk that affects a service or process
- C. How long a service or configuration item (CI) can perform its function without failing
- D. How quickly a service or component can be restored to normal working order

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 76

Which one of the following is NOT the responsibility of service catalogue management?

- A. Ensuring that information in the service catalogue is accurate
- B. Ensuring that service level agreements are maintained
- C. Ensuring that information in the service catalogue is consistent with information in the service portfolio
- D. Ensuring that all operational services are recorded in the service catalogue

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 77

Which one of the following is an objective of release and deployment management?

- A. To standardize methods and procedures used for efficient and prompt handling of all changes
- B. To ensure all changes to service assets and configuration items (CIs) are recorded in the configuration management system (CMS)
- C. To ensure that the overall business risk of change is optimized
- D. To define and agree release and deployment plans with customers and stakeholders

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 78

Which one of the following statements is CORRECT?

- A. The configuration management system is part of the known error database
- B. The service knowledge management system is part of the configuration management system
- C. The configuration management system is part of the service knowledge management system
- D. The configuration management system is part of the configuration management database

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 79

Implementation of ITIL service management requires the preparation and planning of the effective and efficient use of "the four Ps." What are these four Ps?

- A. People, process, partners, performance
- B. Performance, process, products, problems
- C. People, process, products, partners
- D. People, products, perspective, partners

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 80

Which of the following should IT service continuity strategy be based on?

1. Design of the service metrics
2. Business continuity strategy
3. Business impact analysis (BIA)
4. Risk assessment

- A. 1, 2 and 4 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only
- C. 2, 3 and 4 only
- D. 1, 3 and 4 only

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

**Explanation/Reference:**

Explanation:

QUESTION 81

What is the BEST description of an operational level agreement (OLA)?

- A. An agreement between the service provider and another part of the same organization
- B. An agreement between the service provider and an external organization
- C. A document that describes to a customer how services will be operated on a day-to-day basis
- D. A document that describes business services to operational staff

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 82

Which one of the following generates demand for services?

- A. Infrastructure trends
- B. Patterns of business activity (PBA)
- C. Cost of providing support
- D. Service level agreements (SLA)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 83

Which one of the following is an objective of service transition?

- A. To negotiate service levels for new services
- B. To ensure that service changes create the expected business value
- C. To minimize the impact of service outages on day-to-day business activities
- D. To plan and manage entries in the service catalogue



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 84

Which one of the following is the BEST definition of an event?



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- A. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a configuration item (CI) or IT service
- B. An unplanned interruption to an IT service or a reduction in the quality of an IT service
- C. The unknown cause of one or more incidents that have an impact on an IT service
- D. Reducing or eliminating the cause of an incident or problem

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 85

Which one of the following is the BEST description of the purpose of the service operation stage of the service lifecycle?

- A. To decide how IT will engage with suppliers during the service lifecycle
- B. To proactively prevent all outages to IT services
- C. To design and build processes which will meet business needs
- D. To deliver and manage IT services at agreed levels to business users and customers

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 86

Which one of the following is the BEST description of a major incident?

- A. An incident which is so complex that it requires root cause analysis before a workaround can be found
- B. An incident which requires a large number of people to resolve
- C. An incident logged by a senior manager
- D. An incident which has a high priority or a high impact on the business

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 87

Which of the following availability management activities is/are considered to be proactive as opposed to reactive?

1. Monitoring system availability
2. Designing availability into a proposed solution

- A. None of the above
- B. Both of the above
- C. 1 only
- D. 2 only



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 88

Which one of the following would NOT involve event management?

- A. Intrusion detection
- B. Recording and monitoring environmental conditions in the data centre

- C. Recording service desk staff absence
- D. Monitoring the status of configuration items

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 89

Who is responsible for defining metrics for change management?

- A. The change management process owner
- B. The change advisory board (CAB)
- C. The service owner
- D. The continual service improvement manager

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 90

Which of the following are within the scope of service asset and configuration management?

1. Identification of configuration items (CIs)
 2. Recording relationships between CIs
 3. Recording and control of virtual CIs
 4. Approving finance for the purchase of software to support service asset and configuration management
-
- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
 - B. All of the above
 - C. 1, 2 and 4 only
 - D. 3 and 4 only

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 91

Looking for ways to improve process efficiency and cost effectiveness is a purpose of which part of the service lifecycle?

- A. Service operation
- B. Service transition
- C. Continual service improvement
- D. Service strategy

Correct Answer: C
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:



QUESTION 92

Which stage of the continual service improvement (CSI) approach is BEST described by the phrase 'Understand and agree on the priorities for improvement based on a deeper development of the principles defined in the vision'?

- A. Where are we now?
- B. Where do we want to be?
- C. How do we get there?
- D. Did we get there?

Correct Answer: B
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
Explanation:

QUESTION 93

Which of the following processes contributes MOST to quantifying the financial value of IT services to the business?

- A. Service level management
 - B. Financial management
 - C. Demand management
 - D. Risk management
- Correct Answer: B Section: (none) Explanation**

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 94

Which of the following is the BEST description of a service-based service level agreement (SLA)?

- A. The SLA covers one service, for all the customers of that service
- B. The SLA covers an individual customer group for all services they use
- C. An SLA that covers all customers for all services
- D. An SLA for a service with no customers

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 95

Which of the following is NOT a source of best practice?

- A. Standards
- B. Technology
- C. Academic research
- D. Internal experience

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 96

What is a service delivered between two business units in the same organization known as?

- A. Strategic service
- B. Delivered service
- C. Internal service
- D. External service

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 97

What is the act of transforming resources and capabilities into valuable service better known as?

- A. Service management
- B. Incident management
- C. Resource management
- D. Service support

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 98

From the perspective of the service provider, who is the person or group that agrees their service targets?

- A. The user
- B. The customer
- C. The supplier

D. The administrator

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 99

Which of the following identifies the purpose of service transition planning and support?

- A. Provide overall planning for service transitions and co-ordinate the resources they require
- B. Ensure that all service transitions are properly authorized
- C. Provide the resources to allow all infrastructure elements of a service transition to be recorded and tracked
- D. To define testing scripts to ensure service transitions are unlikely to ever fail

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:



QUESTION 100

Which process would maintain policies, standards and models for service transition activities and processes?

- A. Change management
- B. Capacity management
- C. Service transition planning and support
- D. Release management

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

QUESTION 101

Which of the following is NOT an objective of the operations management function?

- A. Swift application of skills to diagnose any IT operations failures that occur
- B. Delivering operational improvements to achieve reduced costs
- C. Management of the definitive media library (DML)
- D. Maintenance of status quo to achieve stability of day to day processes and activities

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

References: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Definitive_Media_Library

QUESTION 102

What is the BEST description of an external customer?

- A. Someone who works in the same organization but in a different business unit to the service provider
- B. Anyone who gets charged for the delivered services
- C. Customers who are not part of the same organization as the service provider
- D. Customers for whom the cost of the service is the primary driver

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

References: <http://smallbusiness.chron.com/internal-customer-external-customer-11698.html>

QUESTION 103

How is a service delivered between departments of the same organization classified?

- A. Internal service
- B. External service
- C. Mission critical service
- D. Organizational service

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:
QUESTION 104

What BEST describes the value of service transition to the business?



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- A. It supports the creation of a catalogue of services
- B. It leads to gradual and continual improvement in service quality
- C. It provides quick and effective access to standard services
- D. It results in higher volumes of successful change



Correct Answer: B
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 105

Which is an objective of access management?

- A. To efficiently respond to requests for granting access to services
- B. To detect changes of state that have significance for management of an IT service
- C. To assist with general information, complaints or comments
- D. To minimize the impact of incidents that cannot be prevented

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://books.google.com.pk/books?id=GuVgAgAAQBAJ&pg=PA147&lpg=PA147&dq=access+management+efficiently+respond+to+requests+for+granting+access+to+services&source=bl&ots=re4-bPLfZs&sig=DSxe6nTYMiYpr3k8Lxzgq05k-nE&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwj7vrvrzIXOAhXHMo8KHxo0BSMQ6AEIJzAD#v=onepage&q=access%20management%20efficiently%20respond%20to%20requests%20for%20granting%20access%20to%20services&f=false>

QUESTION 106

What should be documented as part of every process?

- A. The process owner, process policy and set of process activities
- B. The service owner, service level agreement and set of process procedures
- C. The policy owner, operational level agreement and set of process steps
- D. The service manager, service contract and set of work instructions

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 107

What BEST defines serviceability?

- A. How quickly a service or component can be restored to normal working order
- B. How long a service or component can perform its agreed function without failure
- C. The ability of a third-party supplier to meet the terms of its contract
- D. The part of the business process that is critical to providing the service

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://books.google.com.pk/books?id=XioNx7Gqn0IC&pg=PA120&lpg=PA120&dq=serviceability+How+long+a+service+or+component+can+perform+its+agreed+function+without+failure&source=bl&ots=TWQMJV2sz9&sig=LD_rCuSE6B3IWZb82rW-_vv1MJE&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwj1gsXxzYXOAhXFRo8KHc5MAp8Q6AEIJzAC#v=onepage&q=serviceability%20How%20long%20a%20service%20or%20component%20can%20perform%20its%20agreed%20function%20without%20failure&f=false

QUESTION 108

In service design, which term describes services, technologies and tools?

- A. People
- B. Partners
- C. Products
- D. Processes

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Many designs, plans and projects fail through a lack of preparation and management. The implementation of ITIL service management as a practice is about preparing and planning the effective and efficient use of the four Ps: the People, the Processes, the Products (services, technology and tools) and the Partners (suppliers, manufacturers and vendors).

Reference: https://www.ucisa.ac.uk/~media/Files/members/activities/ITIL/servicedesign/ITIL_Introducing%20Service%20Design%20pdf.ashx

QUESTION 109

What should a release policy include?

- A. Roles and responsibilities across all the service transition processes
- B. Roles and responsibilities for updating the configuration management database (CMDB)
- C. Criteria and authorization to exit early life support and handover to the service operation function
- D. How request for changes (RFCs) are approved for software releases in the IT production environment

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://books.google.com.pk/books?id=fZK3CwAAQBAJ&pg=PA498&lpg=PA498&dq=itil+release+policy+include+Criteria+and+authorization+to+exit+early+life+support+and+handover+to+the+service+operation+function&source=bl&ots=XdTvivl5-X&sig=h0-HkYLIOfCoGPPGTm8_QUE_oRc&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjmkLezoXOAhVCrY8KHQ61B9sQ6AEIIDAB#v=onepage&q=itil%20release%20policy%20include%20Criteria%20and%20authorization%20to%20exit%20early%20life%20support%20and%20handover%20to%20the%20service%20operation%20function&f=false

QUESTION 110

Which process is responsible to provide and maintain accurate information on all services that are being transitioned or have been transitioned to the live environment?

- A. Service portfolio management
- B. Service level management
- C. Service catalogue management
- D. Service capacity management

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 111

What BEST describes an important principle of communication in service operation?

- A. It is efficient, effective and economical for all IT services
- B. It has an intended purpose or a resultant action
- C. It focuses on creating a relationship between processes and products
- D. It has responsibility for creating policies

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 112

What is an objective of event management?

- A. To maintain user satisfaction with the quality of IT services
- B. To detect changes of state that have significance for management of an IT service
- C. To provide a channel for users to receive standard services that they are expecting
- D. To minimize the impact of incidents due to service failures that cannot be prevented

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 113

Which of the following are CORRECT Service Design Aspects?

- 1. Service Solutions for new or changed services
- 2. Management policies and guidelines
- 3. Business requirements technology and management architectures
- 4. Process requirements technology and management architectures

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://www.ucisa.ac.uk/~media/Files/members/activities/ITIL/servicedesign/ITIL_Introducing%20Service%20Design%20pdf.aspx

QUESTION 114

Which stage of the service lifecycle includes the scope of service retirement and transfer of services between service providers?

- A. Service transition
- B. Service level management
- C. Service operation

D. Service design

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

ITIL Service Transition provides guidance for the development and improvement of capabilities for transitioning new and changed services to supported environments, which includes release planning, building, testing, evaluation and deployment. The publication will consider service retirement and transfer of services between service providers. This Service Transition provides access to prove best practices based on the skill and knowledge of experienced industry practitioners in adopting a standardized and controlled approach to service management. Reference: <https://www.greycampus.com/opencampus/itil-foundation/two-strategies-in-itil>

QUESTION 115

What is the BEST definition of a definitive media library?

- A. It is a secure library in which the latest versions of authorized software items are stored and protected.
- B. It is a structured document with definitive information regarding all live IT services, including those available for deployment.
- C. It is a secure library in which all definitive authorized versions of all media configuration items are stored and protected.
- D. It is a set of tools and databases that is used to manage knowledge, information and data.

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

A Definitive Media Library is a secure Information Technology repository in which an organization's definitive, authorized versions of software media are stored and protected. Before an organization releases any new or changed application software into its operational environment, any such software should be fully tested and quality assured.

Reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Definitive_Media_Library

QUESTION 116

Which is an objective of the design coordination process?

- A. To ensure service design packages are handed over to service transition
- B. To ensure that all changes are assessed for their impact on service designs
- C. To document the initial structure and relationship between services and customers

D. To handover new service level requirements to the service level management process

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://books.google.com.pk/books?id=fZK3CwAAQBAJ&pg=PA419&lpg=PA419&dq=design+coordination+process+ensure+service+design+packages+are+handed+over+to+service+transition&source=bl&ots=XdTvivK1W2&sig=9buDegcfJu8hovnHDEmlWd8meU&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiB8MHF1IXOAhWIQ48KHc-kAJgQ6AEIjAB#v=onepage&q=design%20coordination%20process%20ensure%20service%20design%20packages%20are%20handed%20over%20to%20service%20transition&f=false>

QUESTION 117

What BEST defines IT service management?

- A. An organization supplying services to only external customers
- B. The customer of an IT service provider who defines and agrees the service targets
- C. The implementation and management of quality IT services that meet business needs
- D. The resources that are utilized to provide value to customers through services

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IT_service_management

QUESTION 118

Which role is responsible for sponsoring, designing and change managing a process and its metrics?

- A. The process practitioner
- B. The process owner
- C. The service owner
- D. The process manager

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/ITIL/Foundation/Service_Management/Processes_functions_and_roles

QUESTION 119

What are the two MAJOR activities in problem management?

- A. Technical and service
- B. Resource and proactive
- C. Reactive and technical
- D. Proactive and reactive

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://advisera.com/20000academy/knowledgebase/itil-reactive-proactive-problem-management-two-sides-coin/>

QUESTION 120

Which is the CORRECT activity to carry out the “How do we get there” phase of the Continual Service improvement approach?

- A. Service and process improvement
- B. Baseline assessments
- C. Policy and governance review
- D. Measurable targets

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 121

An incident is proving difficult to resolve. A technician informs their manager that more resource is needed to restore the service.

What has taken place?

- A. A functional escalation

- B. A service level escalation
- C. An incident resolution
- D. A hierarchic escalation

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 122

Which statement about service review meetings is FALSE?

- A. Actions from service review meetings should only be assigned to the service provider
- B. Meetings should be held on a regular basis to review service achievement
- C. Issues for the upcoming period should be discussed at the meetings
- D. Progress and success of the service improvement program (SIP) should be reviewed

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 123

Which statement **BEST** describes the value of service strategy to the business?

- A. It allows higher volumes of successful change
- B. It reduces unplanned costs through optimized handling of service outages
- C. It reduces the duration and frequency of service outages
- D. It enables the service provider to understand what levels of service will make their customers successful

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 124

Remediation planning is a key part of which process?

- A. Capacity management
- B. Change management
- C. Financial management for IT services
- D. Availability management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 125

What term describes assurance that a product or service will meet its agreed requirements?



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- A. Underpinning contract
- B. Warranty
- C. Service level agreement
- D. Utility

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 126

What are sources of best practice?

- A. Customers, suppliers, advisors
- B. Industry practices, academic research, training and education
- C. Substitutes, regulators, customers
- D. Competition, compliance, commitments

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 127

Which is an objective of the service design lifecycle stage?

- A. To embed continual service improvement (CSI) in all service design activities
- B. To ensure that all service design activities use the minimum amount of resources
- C. To monitor service level targets as agreed in service level agreements
- D. To create and maintain a portfolio of quantified services

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.greycampus.com/opencampus/itil-foundation/introduction-about-service-design>

QUESTION 128

Which is NOT a service desk type described in the ITIL service operation guidance?

- A. Local
- B. Centralized
- C. Outsourced
- D. Virtual

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: http://www.hci-iti.com/ITIL_v3/books/4_service_operation/service_operation_ch6.html#ch2

QUESTION 129

Which is an example of improving service utility using service management automation?

- A. Pre-determined routing of a service request
- B. Reducing the time to compile service data
- C. Monitoring service availability
- D. Faster resource allocation

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 130

Which is the CORRECT list of metrics to support CSI activities?

- A. Technology, customer and business
- B. Business, service and technology
- C. Customer, business and process
- D. Process, technology and service

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.greycampus.com/opencampus/itil-foundation/different-types-of-metrics-in-csi>

QUESTION 131

Which is an example of an internal customer?

- A. A customer who has a contract with an internet service provider for a broadband connection
- B. The HR department whose payroll service is provided by their organization's IT department
- C. An IT department that uses a network service obtained from a supplier
- D. A retail bank that outsources its infrastructure to a third-party supplier

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 132

Which is the CORRECT list of the three levels of a multi-level service level agreement (SLA)?

- A. Technology, customer, user
- B. Corporate, customer, service
- C. Corporate, customer, technology
- D. Service, user, IT



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://theartofservice.com/itil-service-level-agreement-structure.html>

QUESTION 133

What does the term "Wisdom" represent within the Data-to-Information-to-Knowledge-to-Wisdom (DIKW)?

- A. The complete collection of all data and data repositories in the organization
- B. The knowledge to manage organization processes and people
- C. The complete collection of all process management structures in the organization
- D. The contextual awareness to provide strong common sense judgement

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://kvaes.wordpress.com/2013/05/31/data-knowledge-information-wisdom/>

QUESTION 134

What BEST describes the purpose of analyzing risk?

- A. To assess impact and urgency
- B. To assess impact and probability
- C. To review remediation planning
- D. To review transition planning

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 135

Which ITIL process is used to restore normal service operation as quickly as possible?

- A. Service level management
- B. Incident management
- C. Problem management
- D. Availability management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.bmc.com/guides/itil-incident-management.html>

QUESTION 136

Which stage of service lifecycle has the purpose of aligning IT services with the changing business needs by identifying improvements to IT services?

- A. Continual service improvement
- B. Service operation

- C. Service strategy
- D. Service design

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://kohi10.wordpress.com/2011/04/06/itil-service-lifecycle-overview/>

QUESTION 137

Which statement about the known error database (KEDB) is CORRECT?

- A. It is maintained by the service desk and updated with the details of each new incident
- B. It is a part of the configuration management database (CMDB) and contains workarounds
- C. It is maintained by problem management and is used by the service desk to help resolve incidents
- D. It is maintained by incident management and contains solutions to be implemented by problem management

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Reference: http://wiki.en.it-processmaps.com/index.php/Problem_Management

QUESTION 138

Where should all master copies of controlled software and documentation be stored?

- A. In the definitive capacity library
- B. In the definitive media library
- C. In the definitive security library
- D. In the definitive production library

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: https://www.ucisa.ac.uk/-/media/files/members/activities/itil/servicetransition/service_asset/itil_guide%20to%20sa%20and%20cm%20management%20pdf.ashx?la=en (page 3)

QUESTION 139

Which is one of the five aspects of service design?

- A. Management information systems and tools
- B. Risk analysis and management approach
- C. Management policy for business case creation
- D. Corporate governance and policy

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.bmc.com/guides/itil-service-design.html>

QUESTION 140

Which tool helps with defining accountability and responsibility within processes?

- A. A CSI register
- B. A project charter
- C. A RACI model
- D. A communications plan

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://advisera.com/20000academy/blog/2016/01/12/itil-iso-20000-raci-matrix-how-to-use-it-to-clarify-responsibilities/>

QUESTION 141

Which statement about change management is CORRECT?

- A. It optimizes overall business risk
- B. It optimizes financial exposure

- C. It ensures that all changes are authorized by the change advisory board (CAB)
- D. It ensures that service requests follow the normal change management process

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Change_management_\(ITSM\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Change_management_(ITSM))

QUESTION 142

What is the type of notification that should be sent when a threshold has been reached, something has changes or a failure has occurred?

- A. an emergency change
- B. an alert
- C. an emergency event
- D. a request for change

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.itskeptic.org/does-itiil-explain-difference-between-alert-and-eve#comment-8564>

QUESTION 143

Which of the following is an example of proactive problem management?

- A. Automated detection of an infrastructure or application fault, using event/alert tools automatically to raise an incident
- B. Analysis of an incident by a technical support group which reveals that an underlying problem exists, or is likely to exist
- C. Suspicion or detection of a cause of one or more incidents by the service desk
- D. Trending of historical incident records to identify one or more underlying causes

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.greycampus.com/opencampus/itil-foundation/problem-management>

QUESTION 144

Which is a reason why incident management interfaces with service level management?

- A. To ensure that problem records are circulated to all customers
- B. To ensure that the status of faulty configuration items (CI) is recorded
- C. To ensure that incident resolution times are aligned with business needs
- D. To ensure that incident workarounds are acceptable to the customers

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:**QUESTION 145**

What is a characteristic of a process?

- A. It requires a specific tool
- B. It is performance driven and measurable
- C. It provides generic technical skills and resources
- D. It does not react to a specific trigger



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://itilexampreparation2011.blogspot.com/2012/10/01-10-explain-process-model-and.html>

QUESTION 146

Which statement about stakeholders is TRUE?

- A. Customers, users and suppliers are examples of stakeholders, who may be external to the service provider organization
- B. External customers are those who work for the same organization as the IT service provider
- C. Internal customers are always charged for the IT services they receive from the IT service provider organization
- D. Internal customers purchase services from third-party suppliers by means of a legally binding contract or agreement

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://itilexampreparation2011.blogspot.com/2012/10/01-8-define-and-explain-concept-of.html>

QUESTION 147

Which capacity management sub-process focuses on the management, control and prediction of the end-to-end performance?

- A. Business capacity management
- B. Supplier capacity management
- C. Service capacity management
- D. Component capacity management

Correct Answer: C
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://advisera.com/2000academy/knowledgebase/three-faces-capacity-management/>

QUESTION 148

Which is NOT an example of a pattern of business activity (PBA)?



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- A. The seasonal variation in customer purchases from a supermarket
- B. The peak period usage of counter services in a retail bank
- C. The capacity usage of the network supporting service
- D. The tendency for a government agency to submit its regulatory reports just before the deadline

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 149

Access management is responsible for executing the policies that are defined in which process?

- A. Service portfolio management
- B. Information security management
- C. Change management
- D. Problem management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 150

Which term describes if a service is fit for use?

- A. Serviceability
- B. Utility
- C. Warranty
- D. Availability

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 151

Which stage of the service lifecycle has the purpose of looking for ways to improve process efficiency and cost effectiveness?

- A. Service operation
- B. Service transition
- C. Continual service improvement
- D. Service strategy

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 152

Which is the correct combination of items that makes up an IT service?

- A. Customers, providers and documents
- B. Information technology, people and processes
- C. Information technology, networks and people
- D. People, processes and customers



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 153

Understanding the level of risk during and after change and providing confidence in the degree of compliance with governance requirements during change are both ways of adding business value through which part of the service lifecycle?

- A. Service Transition
- B. Risk Management
- C. IT Service Continuity Management
- D. Availability Management

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 154

Which of the following defines the level of protection in Information Security Management?

- A. The IT Executive
- B. The ISO27001 Standard
- C. The Business
- D. The Service Level Manager

Correct Answer: C
Section: (none)
Explanation
Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 155

Which of these would fall outside the scope of a typical service change management process?

- A. A change to a contract with a supplier
- B. A firmware upgrade to a server that is only used for IT Service Continuity purposes
- C. An urgent need to replace a CPU to restore a service during an incident
- D. A change to a business process that depends on IT Services

Correct Answer: D
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 156

There are four types of metrics that can be used to measure the capability and performance of processes. Which of the four metrics is missing from the list below?

- (1) Progress
- (2) Effectiveness(3) Efficiency (4) ?

- A. Cost
- B. Conformance
- C. Compliance
- D. Capacity

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 157

What is the objective of Access Management?

- A. To provide security staff for Data Centers and other buildings
- B. To manage access to computer rooms and other secure locations
- C. To manage access to the Service Desk
- D. To manage the right to use a service or group of services



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 158

Which of the following should be available to the Service Desk?

- (1) Known Error Data
- (2) Change Schedules
- (3) Service Knowledge Management System
- (4) The output from monitoring tools

- A. 1,2 and 3 only

- B. 1,2 and 4 only
- C. 2,3 and 4 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 159

"Planning and managing the resources required to deploy a release into production" is a purpose of which part of the Service Lifecycle?

- A. Service Operation
- B. Service Strategy
- C. Service Transition
- D. Continual Service Improvement

Correct Answer: C
Section: (none)
Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 160

Which of the following statements about the Service Portfolio and Service Catalogue is the MOST CORRECT?

- A. The Service Catalogue only has information about services that are live, or being prepared for deployment; the Service Portfolio only has information about services which are being considered for future development
- B. The Service Catalogue has information about all services; the Service Portfolio only has information about services which are being considered for future development
- C. The Service Portfolio has information about all services; the Service Catalogue only has information about services which are live, or being prepared for deployment
- D. Service Catalogue and Service Portfolio are different names for the same thing

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 161

Which part of the service lifecycle is responsible for coordinating and carrying out the activities and processes required to deliver and manage services at agreed levels to business users and customers?

- A. Continual Service Improvement
- B. Service Transition
- C. Service Design
- D. Service Operation

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 162

Identity and Rights are two major concepts involved in which one of the following processes?

- A. Access Management
- B. Facilities Management
- C. Event Management
- D. Demand Management

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 163

Which of the following is commonly found in a contract underpinning an IT service? Financial arrangements related to the contract Description of the goods or service provided Responsibilities and dependencies for both parties

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 164

Which of the following is NOT a purpose of Service Transition?

- A. To ensure that a service can be managed, operated and supported
- B. To provide training and certification in project management
- C. To provide quality knowledge of Change, Release and Deployment Management
- D. To plan and manage the capacity and resource requirements to manage a release

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 165

Which of the following is NOT an objective of the Operations Management function?



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- A. Swift application of skills to diagnose any IT Operations failures that occur
- B. Regular scrutiny and improvements to achieve improved service at reduced costs
- C. First line Incident investigation and diagnosis logged by users
- D. Maintenance of status quo to achieve stability of day to day processes and activities

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 166

IT Service Continuity strategy should be based on:

- (1) Design of the service technology
 - (2) Business continuity strategy
 - (3) Business Impact Analysis
 - (4) Risk assessment
- A. 1, 2 and 4 only
 - B. 1, 2 and 3 only
 - C. 2, 3 and 4 only
 - D. 1, 3 and 4 only



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 167

When should tests for a new service be designed?

- A. At the same time as the service is designed
- B. After the service has been designed, before the service is handed over to Service Transition

- C. As part of Service Transition
- D. Before the service is designed

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 168

Defining the processes needed to operate a new service is part of:

- A. Service Design: Design the processes
- B. Service Strategy: Develop the offerings
- C. Service Transition: Plan and prepare for deployment
- D. Service Operation: IT Operations Management

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 169

What is most likely to cause a loss of faith in the Service Level Management process?

- A. Measurements that match the customer's perception of the service
- B. Clear, concise, unambiguous wording in the Service Level Agreements(SLAs)
- C. Inclusion of items in the SLA that cannot be effectively measured
- D. Involving customers in drafting Service Level Requirements

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 170

As a strategic tool for assessing the value of IT services, Financial Management applies to which of the following service provider types?

- (1) An internal service provider embedded within a business unit
- (2) An internal service provider that provides shared IT services
- (3) An external service provider

- A. All of the above
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 2 and 3 only

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 171

What type of improvement should be achieved by using the Deming Cycle?

- A. Rapid, one-off improvement
- B. Return on investment within 12 months
- C. Quick wins
- D. Steady, ongoing improvement

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 172

Which process is responsible for controlling, recording and reporting on versions, attributes and relationships relating to components of the IT infrastructure?

- A. Service Level Management

- B. Change Management
- C. Incident Management
- D. Service Asset and Configuration Management

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 173

What is the Service Pipeline?

- A. All services that are at a conceptual or development stage
- B. All services except those that have been retired
- C. All services that are contained within the Service Level Agreement (SLA)
- D. All complex multi-user services

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 174

Which of the following statements is CORRECT?

- A. IT Service Continuity Management can only take place once Business Continuity Management has been established
- B. Where Business Continuity Management is established, business continuity considerations should form the focus for IT Service Continuity Management
- C. Business Continuity Management and IT Service Continuity Management must be established at the same time
- D. IT Service Continuity Management is not required when IT is outsourced to a third party provider

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 175

Configuration Management Databases (CMDBs) and the Configuration Management System (CMS) are both elements of what larger entity?

- A. The Asset Register
- B. The Service Knowledge Management System
- C. The Known Error Database
- D. The Information Management System

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 176

What are Request Models used for?

- A. Capacity Management
- B. Modeling arrival rates and performance characteristics of service requests
- C. Comparing the advantages and disadvantages of different Service Desk approaches such as local or remote
- D. Identifying frequently received user requests and defining how they should be handled



Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 177

A single Release unit, or a structured set of Release units can be defined within:

- A. The RACI Model
- B. A Release Package
- C. A Request Model

D. The Plan, Do, Check, Act (PDCA) cycle

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 178

Who has the responsibility for review and risk analysis of all supplies and contracts on a regular basis?

- A. The Service Level Manager
- B. The IT Service Continuity Manager
- C. The Service Catalogue Manager
- D. The Supplier Manager

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 179

Which of the following should NOT be a concern of Risk Management?

- A. To ensure that the organization can continue to operate in the event of a major disruption or disaster
- B. To ensure that the workplace is a safe environment for its employees and customers
- C. To ensure that the organization assets, such as information, facilities and building are protected from threats, damage or loss
- D. To ensure only the change requests with mitigated risks are approved for implementation

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 180

Which of the following is the CORRECT definition of a Release Unit?

- A. A measurement of cost
- B. A function described within Service Transition
- C. The team of people responsible for implementing a release
- D. The portion of a service or IT infrastructure that is normally released together

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 181

Which process lists "Understanding patterns of business activity" as a major role?

- A. Demand Management
- B. Supplier Management
- C. Service Desk
- D. Request Fulfillment



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 182

Which of the following statements is CORRECT?

- A. Process owners are more important to service management than service owners
- B. Service owners are more important to service management than process owners
- C. Service owners are as important to service management as process owners
- D. Process owners and service owners are not required within the same organization

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 183

The positive effect that customers perceive a service can have on their business outcomes is referred to as what?

- A. The utility of a service
- B. The warranty of a service
- C. The economic value of a service
- D. Return on investment

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 184

Which of the following BEST describes a Change Authority?

- A. The Change Advisory Board
- B. A person that provides formal authorization for a particular type of change.
- C. A role, person or a group of people that provides formal authorization for a particular type of change.
- D. The Change Manager who provides formal authorization for each change

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 185

Ensuring that the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the services are maintained to the levels agreed on the Service Level Agreement (SLA) is the responsibility of which role?



- A. The Service Level Manager
- B. The Configuration Manager
- C. The Change Manager
- D. The Information Security Manager

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 186

Which is NOT a purpose of a Product Description?



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- A. Define the time and cost needed to produce the product
- B. Define the quality skills required to check the product
- C. Define the function and appearance of the product
- D. Define the development skills required to produce the product

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 187

Identify the input to the Problem Management process.

- A. Request for Change
- B. Problem Resolution
- C. Incident Records
- D. New Known Errors

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 188

Which of the following provides resources to resolve operational and support issues during Release and Deployment?

- A. Early Life Support
- B. Service Test Manager
- C. Evaluation
- D. Release Packaging and Build Manager



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 189

Service Design emphasizes the importance of the 'Four Ps'. Which of the following is a correct list of these 'Four Ps'?

- A. People, Products, Partners, Profit
- B. People, Process, Products, Partners
- C. Potential, Preparation, Performance, Profit
- D. People, Potential, Products, Performance

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 190

Which of the following are objectives of Service Design?

- (1) Design Services to satisfy business objectives.
- (2) Identify and manage risk.
- (3) Design effective and efficient processes
- (4) Design a secure and resilient IT infrastructure.

- A. 1 Only
- B. 2 and 3 only.
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only.
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 191

Order the following continual service improvement (CSI) implementation steps into the correct sequence in alignment with the plan, Do, Check, Act (PDCA) model.

- (1) Allocate roles and responsibilities to work on CSI initiatives.
- (2) Measure and review that the CSI plan is executed and its objectives are being achieved.
- (3) Identify the scope, objectives and requirements for CSI.
- (4) Decision on implementation of further enhancement.

- A. 3-1-2-4
- B. 3-4-2-1
- C. 1-3-2-4
- D. 2-3-4-1

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 192

Which of the following are benefits to the business of implementing Service Transition?

- (1) Ability to adapt quickly to new requirements
- (2) Reduced cost to design new services
- (3) Improved success in implementing changes

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. None of the above

Correct Answer: C
Section: (none)
Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 193

What are the processes within Service Operation?

- A. Event Management, Incident Management, Problem Management, Request Fulfillment and Access Management
- B. Event Management, Incident Management, Change Management and Access Management
- C. Incident Management, Problem Management, Service Desk, Request Fulfillment and Management
- D. Incident Management, Service Desk, Request Fulfillment, Access Management and Event Management

Correct Answer: A
Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 194

Which process or function is responsible for the Definitive Media Library and Definitive Spares?

- A. Facilities Management
- B. Access Management
- C. Request Fulfillment
- D. Service Asset and Configuration Management

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 195

Which is the CORRECT description of an outcome?

- A. The result of carrying out an activity, following a process, or delivering an IT service
- B. The inputs that trigger an action for an activity, process or IT service
- C. The prediction of the future demand requirements for an activity, process or IT service
- D. The design and development of the activities that make up a process or IT service

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 196

A configuration model can be used to help

- (1) Assess the impact and cause of incidents and problems
- (2) Assess the impact of proposed changes
- (3) Plan and design new or changed services

(4) Plan technology refresh and software upgrades

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. All of the above
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 3 and 4 only

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 197

Which of the following is NOT defined as part of every process?

- A. Roles
- B. Inputs and outputs
- C. Functions
- D. Metrics

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 198

Customer perceptions and business outcomes help to define what?

- A. The value of a service
- B. Governance
- C. Total cost of ownership (TCO)
- D. Key performance indicators (KPIs)

Correct Answer: A



Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 199

Which of the following questions does the guidance in service strategy help to answer?

- (1) What services should we offer and to whom?
- (2) How do we differentiate ourselves from competing alternatives?
- (3) How do we create value for our customers?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 3 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 200

Which of the following would commonly be in a contract underpinning an IT service?

- (1) Marketing information
- (2) Contract description and scope
- (3) Responsibilities and dependencies

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. None of the above

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 201

Which of the following provides the PRIMARY source of guidance on what needs to be protected by information security management?

- A. IT management
- B. Service desk manager
- C. Business management
- D. The change manager

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 202

When can a known error record be raised?

- (1) At any time when it would be useful to do so
- (2) After a workaround has been found

- A. 2 only
- B. 1 only
- C. Neither of the above
- D. Both of the above

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 203

Which of the following is the BEST definition of an event?



- A. Any detectable or discernible occurrence that has significance for the management of the IT infrastructure
- B. An unplanned interruption to an IT service or a reduction in the quality of an IT service
- C. The unknown cause of one or more incidents that have an impact on an IT service
- D. Reducing or eliminating the cause of an incident or problem

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 204

Which of the following statements about incident reporting and logging is CORRECT?



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- A. Incidents can only be reported by users, since they are the only people who know when a service has been disrupted
- B. Incidents can be reported by anyone who detects a disruption or potential disruption to normal service. This includes technical staff
- C. All calls to the Service Desk must be logged as Incidents to assist in reporting Service Desk activity
- D. Incidents reported by technical staff must be logged as Problems because technical staff manages infrastructure devices not services

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 205

Which of the following is an example of self-help capabilities?

- A. Menu-driven range of facilities used to access service requests
- B. Calls to the service desk to register standard changes
- C. A software update downloaded automatically to all laptops in an organization
- D. Software to allow programmers to debug code

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 206

The goal of which process is: "To improve the quality of management decision making by ensuring that reliable and secure information and data is available throughout the lifecycle"?

- A. Knowledge Management
- B. Availability Management
- C. Service Asset and Configuration Management
- D. Change Management



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 207

Which of the following is NOT an example of Self-Help capabilities?

- A. Requirement to always call the service desk for service requests
- B. Menu-driven range of self help and service requests
- C. Web front-end
- D. A direct interface into the back end process handling software

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 208

Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?

- A. The SKMS is part of the Configuration Management System (CMS)
- B. The SKMS can include data on the performance of the organization
- C. The Service Knowledge Management System (SKMS) includes Configuration Management Databases (CMDB)
- D. The SKMS can include user skill levels

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 209

The group that authorizes changes that must be installed faster than the normal process is called the?

- A. Emergency CAB (ECAB)
- B. Urgent Change Authority (UCA)
- C. Urgent Change Board (UCB)
- D. CAB Emergency Committee (CAB/EC)

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 210

In which core publication can you find detailed descriptions of Service Level Management, Availability Management, Supplier Management and IT Service Continuity Management?

- A. Service Transition
- B. Service Design
- C. Service Strategy
- D. Service Operation

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 211

Which of these statements about Service Desk staff is CORRECT?

- A. Service Desk staff should be recruited from people who have high levels of technical skill to minimize the cost of training them
- B. The Service Desk can often be used as a stepping stone for staff to move into other more technical or supervisory roles
- C. The Service Desk should try to have a high level of staff turnover as the training requirements are low and this helps to minimize salaries
- D. Service Desk staff should be discouraged from applying for other roles as it is more cost effective to keep them in the role where they have been trained

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 212

Service Assets are used to create value. Which of the following are the MAJOR types of Service Asset?

- A. Services and Infrastructure
- B. Applications and Infrastructure
- C. Resources and Capabilities
- D. Utility and Warranty

Correct Answer: C

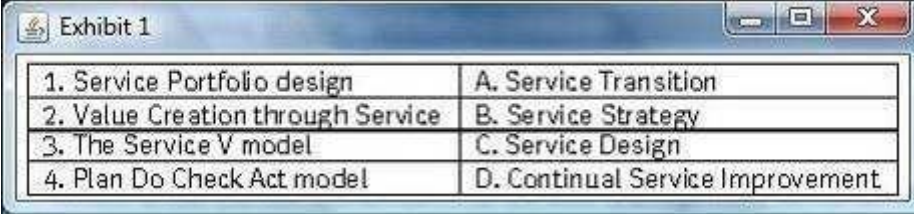
Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 213

Which is the correct combination of Service Management terms across the Lifecycle?



1. Service Portfolio design	A. Service Transition
2. Value Creation through Service	B. Service Strategy
3. The Service V model	C. Service Design
4. Plan Do Check Act model	D. Continual Service Improvement

- A. 1-A, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D
- B. 1-C, 2-D, 3-A, 4-B
- C. 1-C, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D
- D. 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 214

A plan for managing the end of a supplier contract should be created when?

- A. The contract is being negotiated
- B. The contract is about to be ended
- C. The Supplier Manager decides that there is a risk the contract might need to end soon
- D. The contract has been agreed

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 215

Which of the following sentences BEST describes a Standard Change?

- A. A change to the service provider's established policies and guidelines
- B. A pre-authorized change that has an accepted and established procedure
- C. A change that is made as the result of an audit
- D. A change that correctly follows the required change process

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 216

The BEST description of the purpose of Service Operation is?



- A. To decide how IT will engage with suppliers during the Service Management Lifecycle
- B. To proactively prevent all outages to IT Services
- C. To deliver and support IT Services at agreed levels to business users and customers
- D. To design and build processes that will meet business needs

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 217

Which of the following models would be MOST useful in helping to define an organizational structure?

- A. RACI model
- B. Service Model
- C. Continual Service improvement (CSI) model.

D. The Deming Cycle

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 218

Understanding customer usage of services and how this varies over the Business Lifecycle is part of which process?

- A. Service Portfolio Management
- B. Service Level Management
- C. Component Capacity Management
- D. Demand Management

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 219

Which of the following questions does Service Strategy help answer with its guidance?

- (1) How do we prioritize investments across a portfolio?
- (2) What services to offer and to whom?
- (3) What are the Patterns of Business Activity (PBA)?

- A. 3 only
- B. 1 only
- C. 2 only
- D. All of the above

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 220

Effective release and deployment management enables the service provider to add value to the business by?

- A. Ensuring that all assets are accounted for
- B. Ensures that the fastest servers are purchased
- C. Delivering change, faster and at optimum cost and minimized risk
- D. Verifying the accuracy of all items in the configuration management database

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 221

How many times should each stage of the Plan, Do, Check, Act (PDCA) cycle be visited?

- A. Each stage should be carried out once in the order Plan-Do-Check-Act
- B. There should be a single Plan, then the Do-Check-Act cycle should be repeated multiple times to implement Continual Improvement
- C. There should be a single Plan and Do, then Check and Act should be carried out multiple times to implement Continual Improvement
- D. The entire cycle should be repeated multiple times to implement Continual Improvement

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 222

Within the Continual Service Improvement (CSI) 7 step improvement process, data needs to be gathered and analyzed from which other area of the lifecycle in order to answer the question "Did we get there?"

- A. Service Strategy
- B. Service Design

C. Service Operation
D. Service Transition

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 223

Which of the following are responsibilities of a Service Level Manager?

- (1) Agreeing targets in Service Level Agreements
- (2) Designing the service so it can meet the targets
- (3) Ensuring all needed contracts and agreements are in place

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. All of the above
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1 and 2 only



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 224

Which of the following combinations covers all the roles in Service Asset and Configuration Management?

- A. Configuration Administrator/Librarian; Configuration Manager; Service Desk Manager; Configuration Analyst; CMS/tools Administrator
- B. Configuration Administrator/Librarian; Service Asset Manager; Configuration Manager; Configuration Analyst; Configuration control board; CMS/tools Administrator
- C. Configuration Manager; Configuration Analyst; CMS/tools Administrator; Librarian; Change Manager
- D. Configuration Administrator/Librarian; Configuration Manager; Configuration Analyst; Configuration control board; CMS/tools Administrator; Financial Asset Manager

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 225

In many organizations the role of Incident Manager is assigned to the Service Desk.

It is important that the Incident Manager is given the authority to:



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- A. Only manage Incidents effectively through 1st and 2nd line
- B. Only manage Incidents effectively through the 1st line
- C. Only manage Incidents effectively at the 3rd line
- D. Manage Incidents effectively through 1st, 2nd and 3rd line

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 226

Which of the following statements is CORRECT?

- A. The CMS is part of the Configuration Management Data Base (CMDB)
- B. The KEDB and the CMS form part of the larger SKMS
- C. The Service Knowledge Management System (SKMS) is part of the CMS

D. The Configuration Management System (CMS) is part of the Known Error Data Base (KEDB)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 227

The MAIN purpose of the Service Portfolio is to describe services in terms of?

- A. Business Value
- B. Functionality
- C. IT Assets
- D. Service Level Requirements

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 228

Application Management plays a role in all applications. One of the key decisions to which they contribute is?

- A. Whether to buy an application or build it
- B. Should application development be outsourced
- C. Who the vendor of the storage devices will be
- D. Where the vendor of an application is located

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 229

What is the entry point or the first level of the V model?

- A. Service Solution
- B. Customer / Business Needs
- C. Service Release
- D. Service Requirements

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 230

Service Acceptance criteria are used to?

- A. Ensure the design stage of the Lifecycle
- B. Ensure Portfolio Management is in place
- C. Ensure delivery and support of a service
- D. Ensure service Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) are reported



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 231

Which of the following statements is CORRECT?

- (1) The only phase of the Service Management Lifecycle where value can be measured is Service Operation
 - (2) All of the phases of the lifecycle are concerned with the value of IT services
- A. Both of the above
 - B. Neither of the above
 - C. 2 only

D. 1 only

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 232

Which of the following is NOT an aim of the Change Management process?

- A. Overall business risk is optimized
- B. Standardized methods and procedures are used for efficient and prompt handling of all Changes
- C. All budgets and expenditures are accounted for
- D. All changes to Service Assets and Configuration Items (CIs) are recorded in the Configuration Management system

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 233

How does Problem Management work with Change Management?

- A. By installing changes to fix problems
- B. By negotiating with Incident Management for changes in IT for Problem resolution
- C. By issuing RFCs for permanent solutions
- D. By working with users to change their IT configurations

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 234

An incident is proving difficult to resolve. A technician informs their manager that more resource is needed to restore the service.

What has taken place?

- A. A functional escalation
- B. A service level escalation
- C. An incident resolution
- D. A hierarchic escalation

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 235

Which function is responsible for the closure of an incident record?

- A. Event management
- B. The service desk
- C. Either the service desk or an appropriate third party engineer
- D. Any appropriate function

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 236

What is the primary focus of component capacity management?

- A. Management, control and prediction of the performance, utilization and capacity of individual elements of IT technology
- B. Review of all capacity supplier agreements and underpinning contracts with supplier management
- C. Management, control and prediction of the end-to-end performance and capacity of the live, operational IT services

D. Future business requirements for IT services are quantified, designed, planned and implemented in a timely fashion

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 237

Which describes a proactive trigger for problem management?

- A. Automated detection of an infrastructure or application fault, using event/alert tools automatically to raise an incident
- B. Analysis of an incident by a technical support group which reveals that an underlying problem exists, or is likely to exist
- C. Suspicion or detection of a cause of one or more incidents by the service desk
- D. Trending of historical incident records to identify one or more underlying causes

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 238

What should the IT service continuity process primarily support?

- A. Critical IT processes
- B. All the services in the service portfolio
- C. Business continuity strategy
- D. Mission critical services at peak business periods

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 239

What BEST describes the customers and users of an IT service provider?

- A. Customers buy IT services; users use IT services
- B. Customers design IT services; users test IT services
- C. Customers sell IT services; users improve IT services
- D. Customers agree the service levels; users buy IT services

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 240

Which is the BEST definition of a supplier?

- A. It is a third party responsible for supplying goods or services that are required to deliver IT services
- B. It is a shared services unit that is responsible for supplying goods or services that are required to deliver IT services
- C. It is a third party with responsibility for supplying goods or services that is agreed through an operational level agreement
- D. It is a mixture of internal and external parties that are responsible for providing goods and services to its customer group

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



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